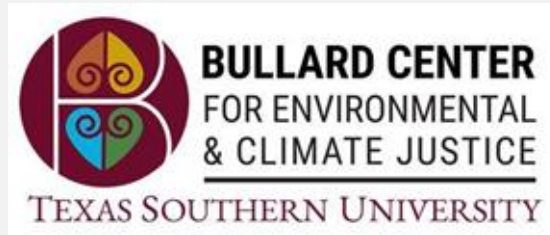


# Soil Sampling and Houston's Project I I

---

Naomi Yoder, GIS Manager  
naomi.yoder@tsu.edu

Oct. 24th, 2024



# Project I I

---

Background



# Houston Ship Channel

- From mouth of Galveston Bay to Turning Basin (4 mi east of downtown) ~ 50 mi
- Two major container ports:
  - Bayport
  - Barbour's Cut
- After the hurricane of 1900, in 1910, dredging in earnest began



Segment	Dredge Dumps
4	E2 Clinton, Beltway 8
5+6	Glendale, Filterbed

# What is Project 11?

- US Army Corps of Engineers (**USACE**) major modification of the channel – 6 segments
  - With the **Port** of Houston
- 11<sup>th</sup> time the Army Corps of Engineers has deepened and widened the Houston Ship Channel
- This is separate from USACE “operations and maintenance” dredging
- Dredging: deposit sediment in “dredge spoil material placement areas” DMPAs
- Segments with DMPAs in neighborhoods, already vulnerable communities
  - 4 – Widen to 530 ft, Deepen 5.5 ft (to 46.5 ft)
  - 5 – Deepen 4.5 ft (to 41.5ft)
  - 6 – Deepen 2 ft (to 39 ft)

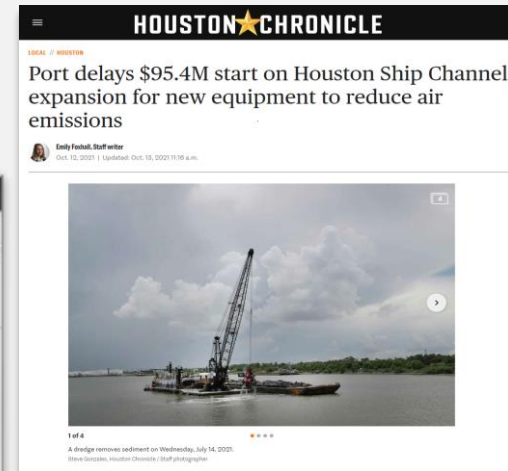


# Project I | Community Demands

- Port: authority for segments 2, 3
  - Agreed to use lower emissions cleaner dredges as requested by Healthy Ports Communities Coalition
- USACE on the other hand...none
- Demands:
  - Sampling in the DMPAs
  - Public process for placing sediments with toxins/pollutants
  - Full accounting of the toxicology of the sediments coming out of the Ship Channel



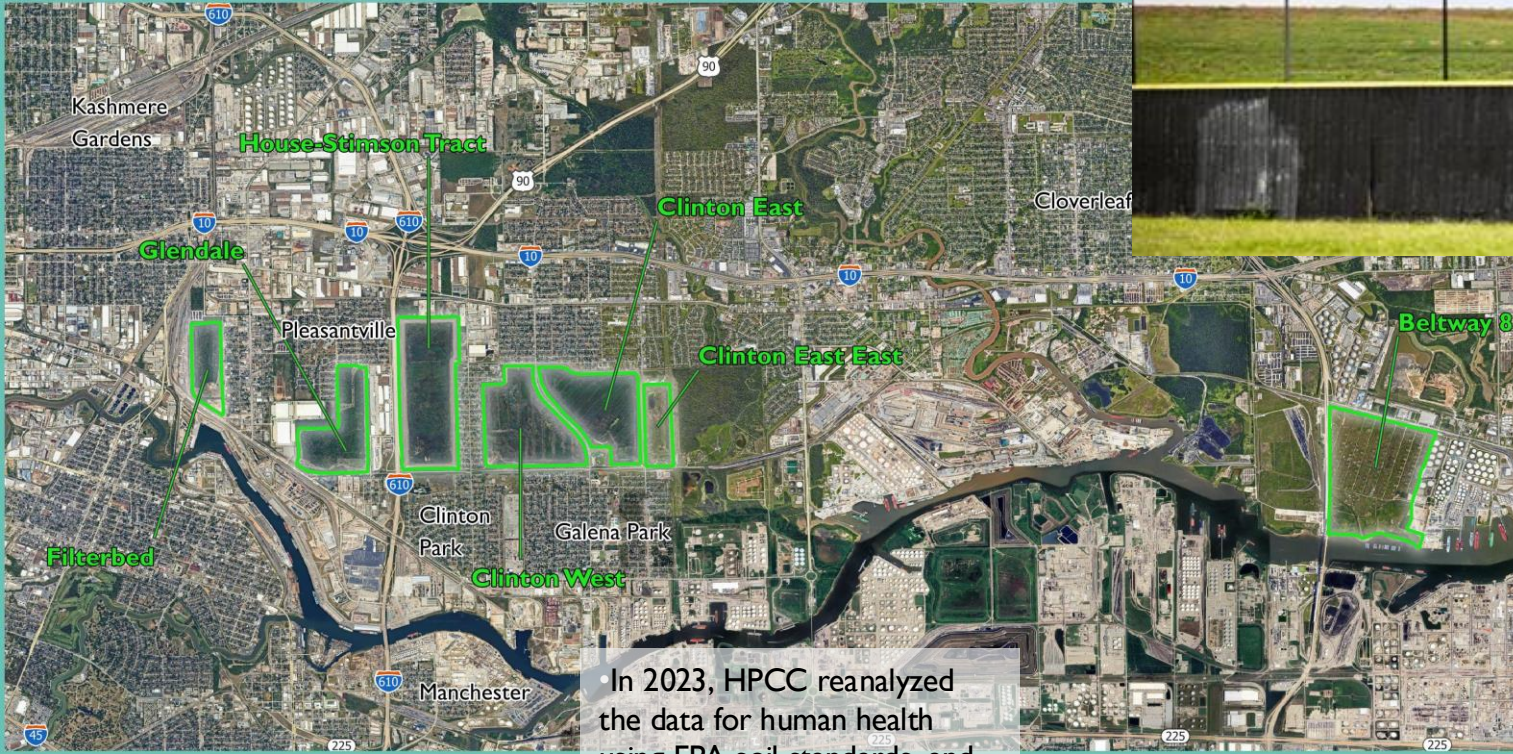
<https://www.houstonchronicle.com/news/houston-texas/houston/article/As-Houston-Ship-Channel-expands-a-historic-16446861.php>



<https://www.houstonchronicle.com/news/houston-texas/houston/article/Port-approves-95-4M-contract-for-Houston-Ship-16528528.php>

# DMPAs

Berm at Clinton East  
 Site in Galena Park  
 © A. Mulligan,  
 Environmental  
 Defense Fund



• In 2023, HPCC reanalyzed the data for human health using EPA soil standards, and conducted new sampling around DMPA berms

Project II:  
 3,000,000 +  
 cubic yards  
 of sediment

Segment	Dredge Dumps
4	E2 Clinton, Beltway 8
5+6	Glendale, Filterbed

Dredge Material Placement Areas  
 Upper Reaches Houston Ship Channel, Project II






# Project I | Community Demands

- DMPAs for segments 1 – 3 = Galveston Bay, islands in the Ship Channel area
- Upper reaches 4 – 6, USACE is the responsible party; no agreement to clean dredge equipment
- HPCC and others' requests (since at least 2018):
  - Sampling in the DMPAs in communities; full risk profile
  - Chance to comment on the findings and be part of the decision-making for placing sediments with toxins/pollutants
    - Appendix T in FEIS, e.g. – this was only analyzed for aquatic organisms health. Found: “no concern” despite exceedances even for aquatics
  - Full accounting of the toxicology of the sediments coming out of the Ship Channel
  - Revision of the flood modeling for DMPAs to account for City, County and other local planning for stormwater runoff and flooding
  - Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement...?
- In 2023, HPCC reanalyzed the data for human health using EPA soil standards
  - (Spoiler alert: Houston, We Have a Problem)



# Soil Sampling Efforts

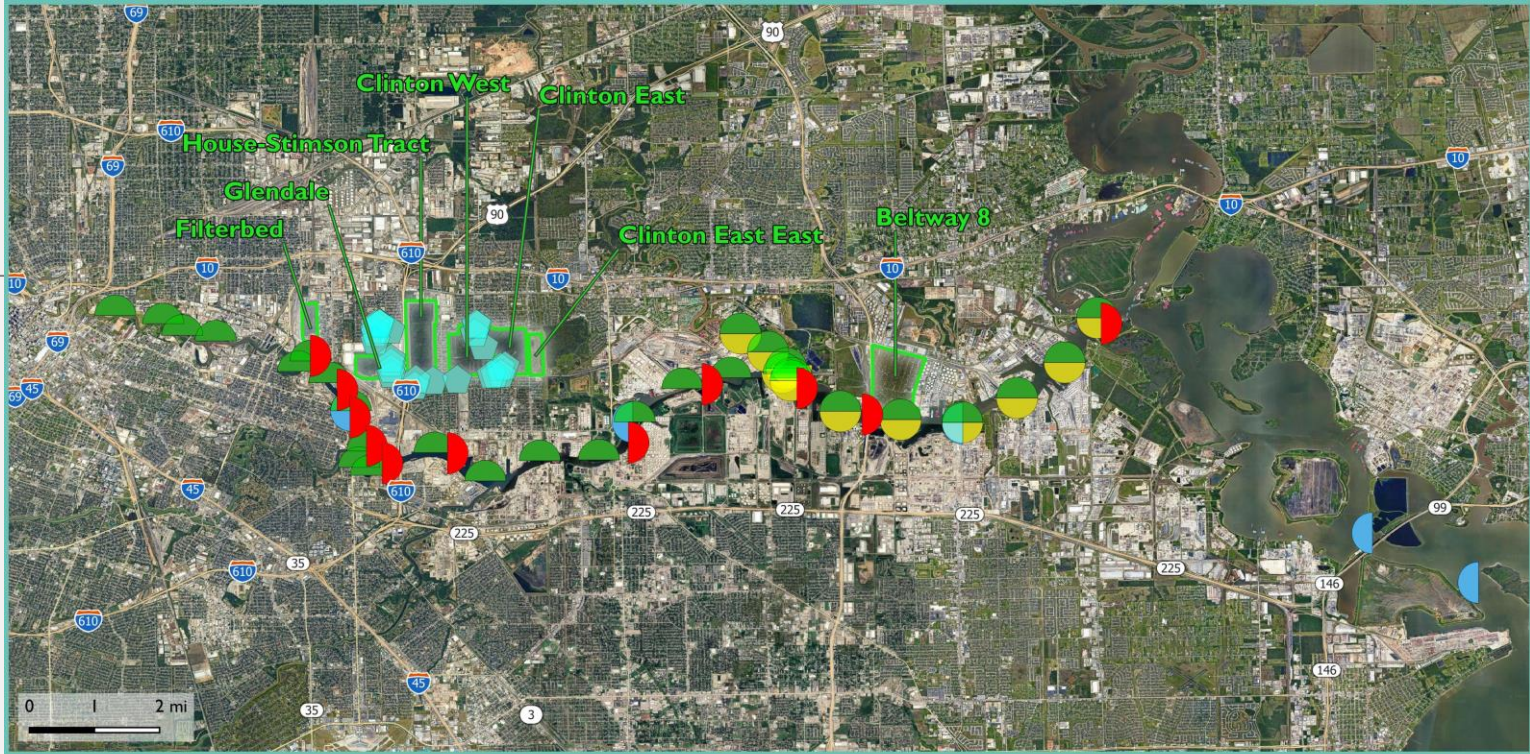
<u>Dataset</u>	<u>Locations</u>	<u>Who Did the Sampling?</u>	<u>Number of Sites</u>	<u>Years</u>
 USACE - Project II Samples for Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS)	Upper Houston Ship Channel - in channel	USACE	11	2018
 USACE - Maintenance and Operations	Upper Houston Ship Channel - in channel	USACE	5 31 12	2023 2020 2012
 Community Soil Sampling	Right of Way outside the dump site berms (Filterbed, Glendale, Clinton E+W)	Healthy Port Communities Coalition*	25	2023

\*other partners include: Lone Star Legal Aid, Superneighborhood 57, City of Houston, Environmental Defense Fund. Sampling by I2M

Note: all samples were analyzed in 2023-2024



Photo: © NJY. Glendale and Pleasantville (looking north)





### Upper Houston Ship Channel, Toxicity Sampling Sites

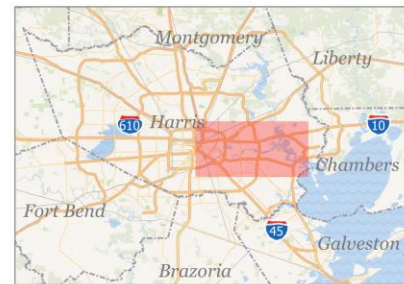
#### Soil Samples

-  Healthy Port Communities Coalition (25)
-  Dredge Material Placement Area

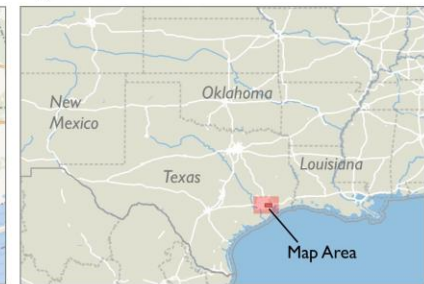
#### USACE

-  2012 (12)
-  2018, Project 11 FEIS (11)
-  2020 (29)
-  2023 (5)

#### Houston Area Locator

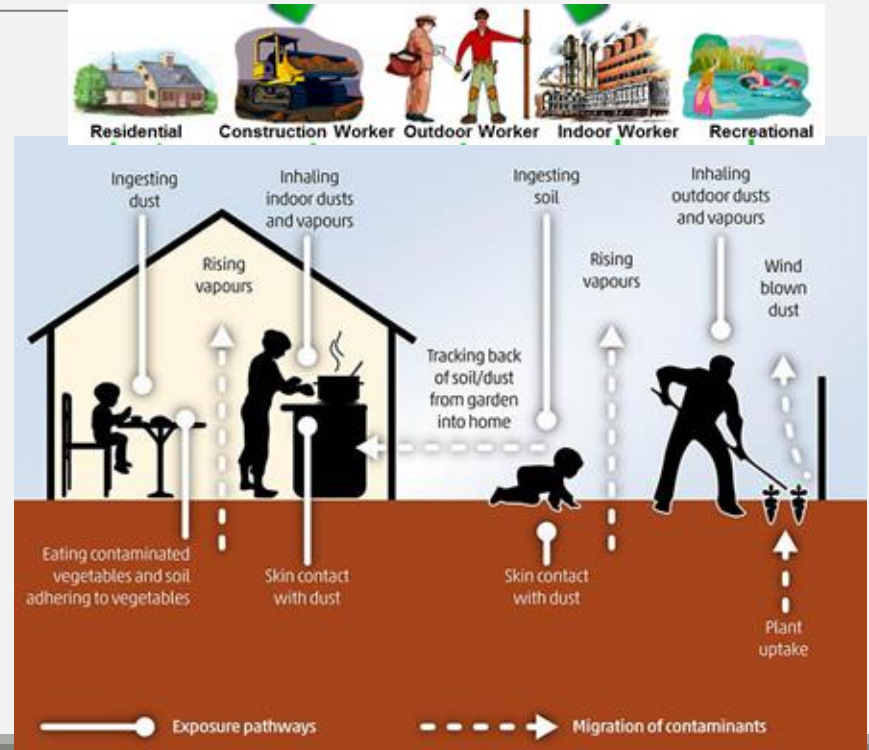


#### Regional Area Locator



# Notes: Soil Toxicology

- How are we exposed to soil pollution?
  - “Exposure pathways” (residential)
  - Safe limits? There’s no such thing as zero risk
  - EPA defines **acceptable risk for carcinogens** as concentration below which will result in at most 1 in 1M people getting cancer
- We used: Residential Soil (carcinogenic and non) screening levels - **RSLs**
- TCEQ values? We chose EPA because those levels are more protective\*



\*Except in the few cases where no RSLs are available and TCEQ did have standards/limits listed

# Results

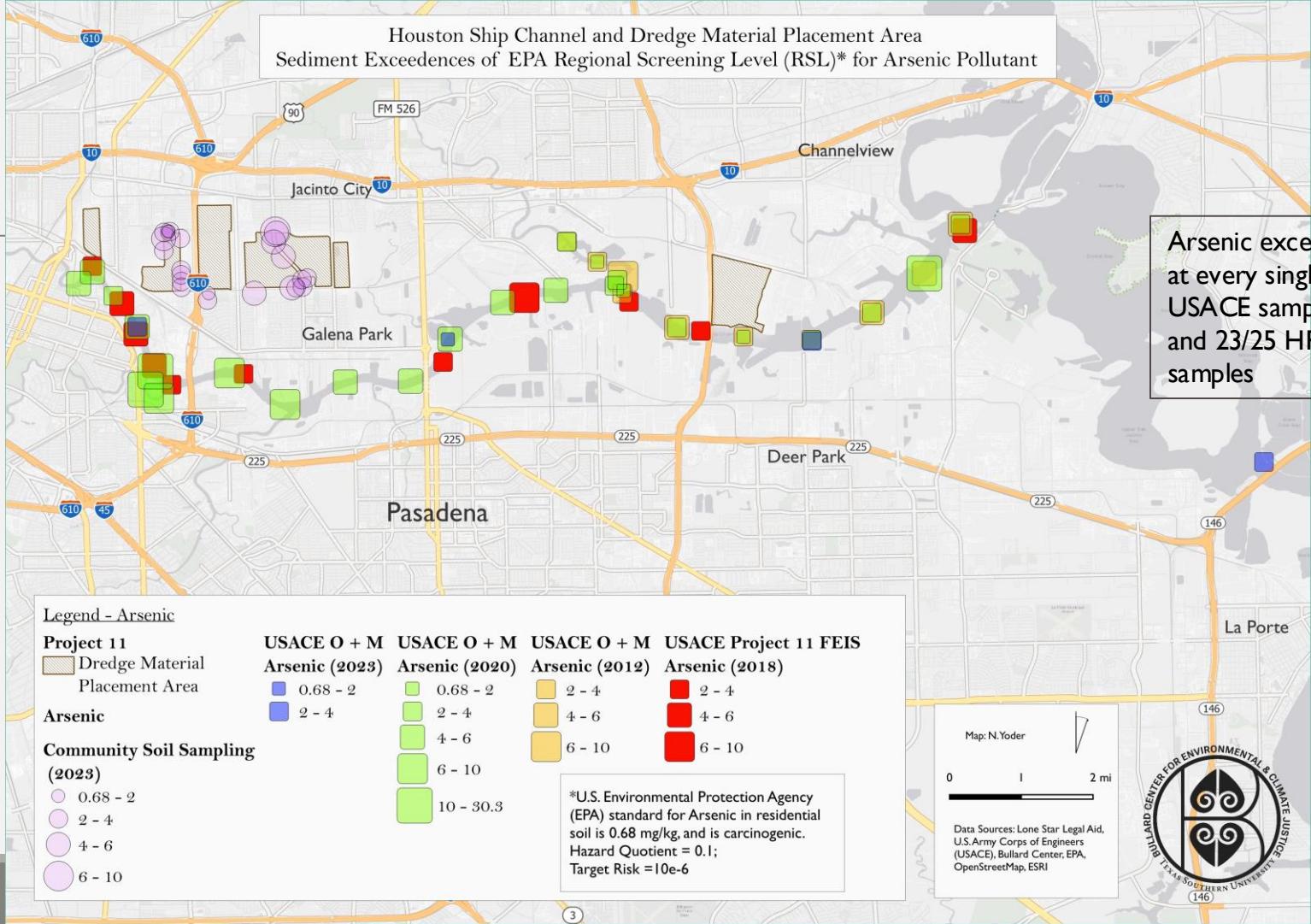
In-channel  
DMPAs

<u>Dataset</u>	<u>Number of Analytes</u>
USACE - Project 11 Samples for FEIS	152
USACE - Maintenance and Operations	53
Community Soil Sampling	56



# Arsenic

## Houston Ship Channel and Dredge Material Placement Area Sediment Exceedences of EPA Regional Screening Level (RSL)\* for Arsenic Pollutant



Arsenic exceedance at every single USACE sample site and 23/25 HPCC samples

### Legend - Arsenic

#### Project 11

Dredge Material Placement Area

#### Arsenic

#### Community Soil Sampling (2023)

- 0.68 - 2
- 2 - 4
- 4 - 6
- 6 - 10

#### USACE O + M

#### Arsenic (2023)

- 0.68 - 2
- 2 - 4

#### USACE O + M

#### Arsenic (2020)

- 0.68 - 2
- 2 - 4
- 4 - 6
- 6 - 10
- 10 - 30.3

#### USACE O + M

#### Arsenic (2012)

- 2 - 4
- 4 - 6
- 6 - 10

#### USACE Project 11 FEIS

#### Arsenic (2018)

- 2 - 4
- 4 - 6
- 6 - 10

\*U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) standard for Arsenic in residential soil is 0.68 mg/kg, and is carcinogenic. Hazard Quotient = 0.1; Target Risk = 10e-6

Map: N.Yoder

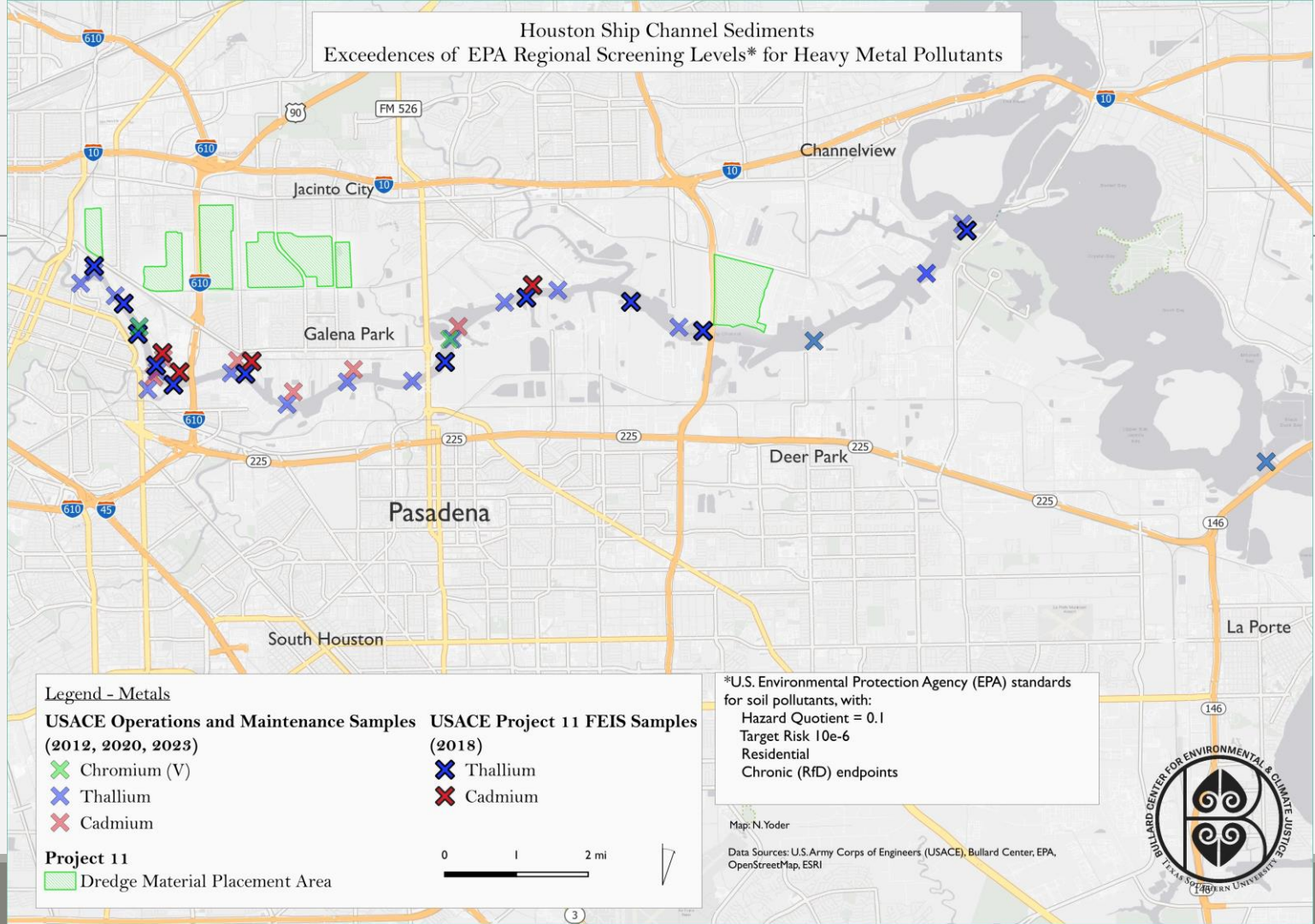


Data Sources: Lone Star Legal Aid, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Bullard Center, EPA, OpenStreetMap, ESRI

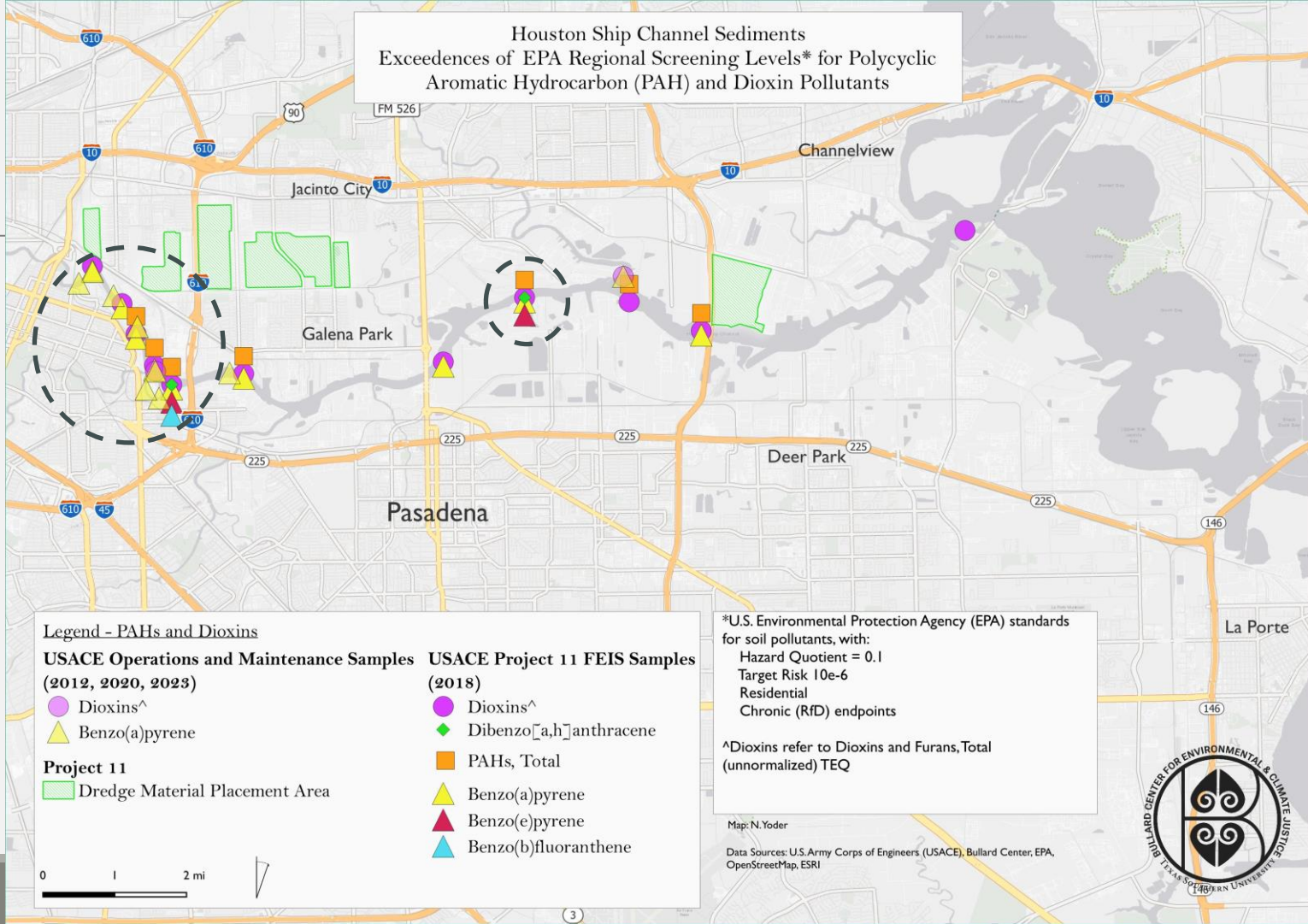


# Metals

## Houston Ship Channel Sediments Exceedences of EPA Regional Screening Levels\* for Heavy Metal Pollutants



# PAH's and Dioxins



Houston Ship Channel Sediments  
Exceedences of EPA Regional Screening Levels\* for Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon (PAH) and Dioxin Pollutants

**Legend - PAHs and Dioxins**

<b>USACE Operations and Maintenance Samples (2012, 2020, 2023)</b>	<b>USACE Project 11 FEIS Samples (2018)</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Dioxins<sup>^</sup></li> <li>▲ Benzo(a)pyrene</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Dioxins<sup>^</sup></li> <li>◆ Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene</li> <li>■ PAHs, Total</li> <li>▲ Benzo(a)pyrene</li> <li>▲ Benzo(e)pyrene</li> <li>▲ Benzo(b)fluoranthene</li> </ul>
<b>Project 11</b>	
■ Dredge Material Placement Area	

\*U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) standards for soil pollutants, with:  
Hazard Quotient = 0.1  
Target Risk 10e-6  
Residential Chronic (RfD) endpoints

<sup>^</sup>Dioxins refer to Dioxins and Furans, Total (unnormalized) TEQ

Map: N.Yoder  
Data Sources: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Bullard Center, EPA, OpenStreetMap, ESRI



# In Channel Results

---

- **Arsenic** exceedance in EVERY sample location, every year
- **PAHs**, other **heavy metals** also common exceedances
- Dioxins and furans exceed RSL at EVERY station in FEIS (2018) sampling
  - USACE used NOAA levels own results reported Yet USACE found no “concern”?
- Sampling methodology:
  - compositing samples essentially averages the actuals
  - NOAA and EPA Marine levels were used; elutriate was used instead of sediment. Elutriate = for water column and measuring pollutants that become mobilized in dredging. “No screening levels” for dioxins/furans in elutriate (p. 65, Appendix Ta FEIS)

“Hazardous, Toxic and Radioactive Waste (HTRW) concern[s] were addressed under various NEPA documents for the construction or modification of the channels covered under this DMMP. **HTRW issues were not found to be a concern.** The sediments dredged during construction and or maintenance of the authorized footprints of the HSC, BSC, BCC and Greens Bayou Channels are regularly tested by the Galveston District for a range of chemical compounds of concern to the EPA as well as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Specific information regarding HTRW concerns can be found in Appendix G of the main FIFR-EIS.”

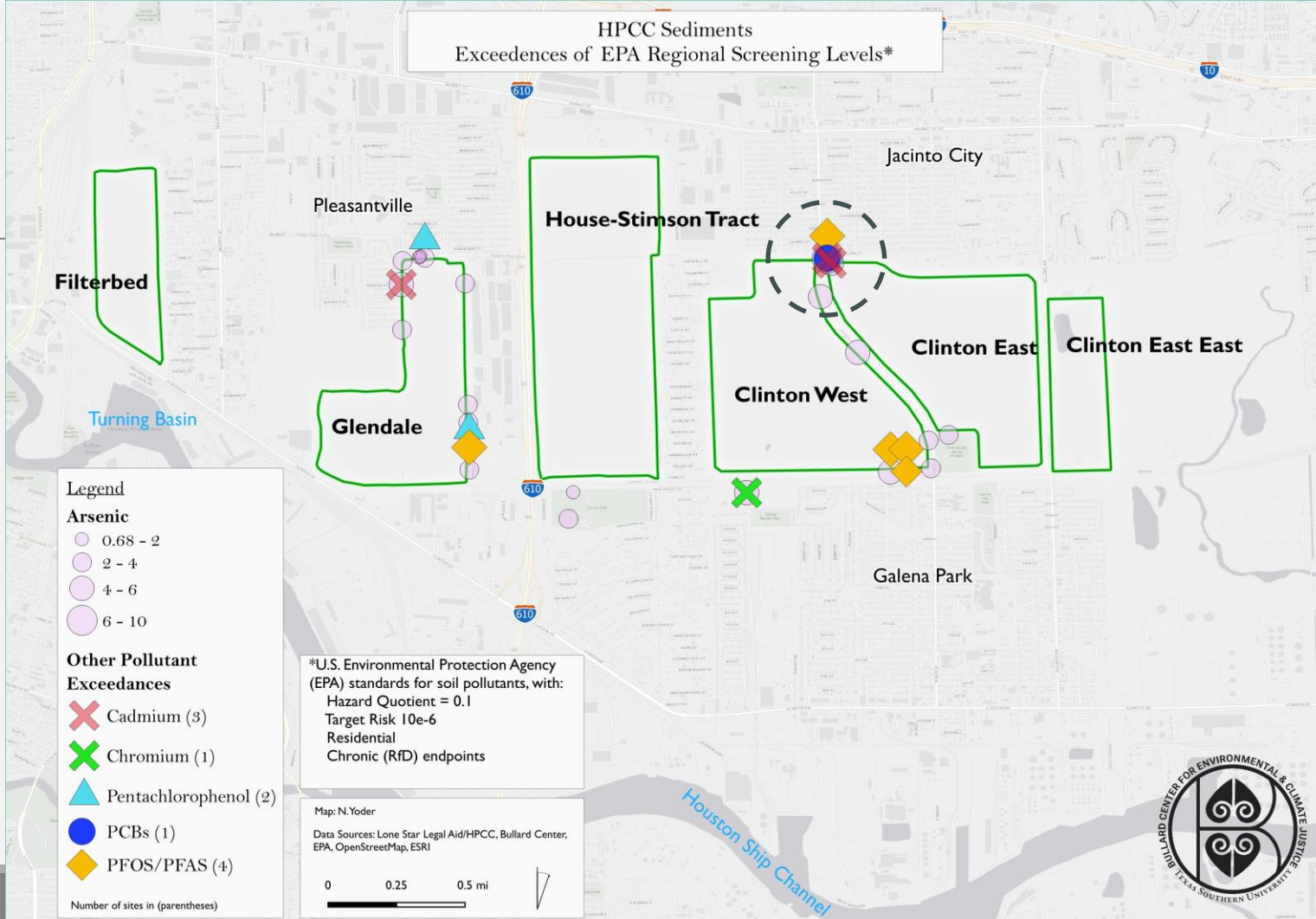
- p. 5-8, Appendix R FEIS

“The total TEQ [Dioxins and Furans] ranged from 2.8  $\mu\text{g/g}$  ( $2.8 \times 10^{-6}$ ) to 1,370  $\mu\text{g/g}$  ( $1.37 \times 10^{-3}$ ) with a mean of 161  $\mu\text{g/g}$ .”

- p. 58, Appendix Ta FEIS

**EPA RSL Dioxins and Furans =  $4.8 \times 10^{-6}$**  the highest concentration is three orders of magnitude higher than

# Community Samples





# DMPA Berm Results

- **Arsenic** exceedance in 23/25 sample locations
- Other **heavy metals** again
- No dioxins and furans exceedances, but did identify **PCBs** exceedance
  - Small “hotspot” at the north end of East/West Clinton, on Mercury Drive
- PFOS/PFAS second-most number of sites with exceedances

Houston Ship Channel



# Soil Sampling Conclusions

Results across the board in all three sampling schemes:

- **Arsenic** - the prevalence of it makes it easy to conclude that this is from industrial sources
- **Other metals** - all of these are concerning and many have links to cancer and other debilitating disease
- **PCBs** - whenever there's an occurrence, we usually sit up and pay attention because they're "forever" chemicals and very toxic to us
  - PFAS have newly set RSLs but are also "forever" chemicals
- **Dioxins and furans** - very low amounts are considered limits on health, meaning that these are very toxic chemicals
- **PAHs** - also from industrial sources, likely still incoming

Pollutant	Health Risks
Arsenic <sup>1</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Cancers (lung, skin, bladder, liver, kidneys)</li><li>- Skin lesions</li></ul>
Other metals <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Cancers</li><li>- Bone problems, Nervous system issues, Kidney problems, Digestion problems</li></ul>
PCBs <sup>2</sup> and Dioxins <sup>4</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Cancers</li><li>- Endocrine system affect</li><li>- Reproductive issues</li><li>- Immune system problems</li></ul>

<sup>1</sup>[https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/csem/arsenic/physiologic\\_effects.html](https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/csem/arsenic/physiologic_effects.html)

<sup>2</sup>[https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/csem/polychlorinated-biphenyls/adverse\\_health.html](https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/csem/polychlorinated-biphenyls/adverse_health.html)

<sup>3</sup><https://www.cdc.gov/TSP/PHS/PHS.aspx?phsId=307&toxId=49>; <https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC10537762/>

<sup>4</sup><https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/dioxins-and-their-effects-on-human-health>

# Soil Sampling Conclusions

---

- HPCC/Bost analysed soil and water samples for TCEQ PCLs for groundwater and found MANY additional exceedances of metals:
  - Barium, Lead, Mercury, Selenium, Silver
- Hot-spots, to investigate further:
  - Upper reaches, especially between Turning Basin and I-610
  - Greensport, by the hazardous waste landfills between Greens Bayou and Washburn Tunnel
  - Drainage off from DMPAs East and West Clinton or why is there a hot-spot at Mercury Dr.?
- For the Port of Houston and USACE to be the “good neighbors” they want to/claim to be, they need to test and make data available / accessible to the public, and act in protection of the communities who receive these sediments
- Arsenic exposure awareness, remediation?

# Project 11 and Soil Analysis



[bullardcenter@tsu.edu](mailto:bullardcenter@tsu.edu)

Thank You!  
Questions?

[naomi.yoder@tsu.edu](mailto:naomi.yoder@tsu.edu)